The Practical Value of QMS Operational Consistency

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- Una Ruta Hacia la Excelencia
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About John

- ASQ Membership
 - Since 1978 as technician Fellow in 2012
- ASQ Certifications
 - Engineer, Auditor, Manager, Black Belt, more...
- Work Experience Employee & Consultant
 - Motorola, Nokia, AT&T, manufacturing & service
- Teaching Experience
 - Company / ASQ classes in Quality Concepts & Tools and Problem Solving Methods & Tools
- Education BS Quality Management

Learning Objectives

 ISO 9000 and Malcom Baldrige as Quality Systems

Components of the systems

WHY use them as a Model
 ... the Value Proposition

Terms and Abbreviations

Term	Abb.
Total Quality Management	TQM
Quality Management System	QMS
Malcom Baldrige National Quality Award (USA)	MBNQA Baldrige MB
International Standards Organization ISO 9000 (family) – Quality Management ISO 14000 – Environmental Management	ISO
National Institute of Standards and Technology (USA)	NIST

Quality Philosophies

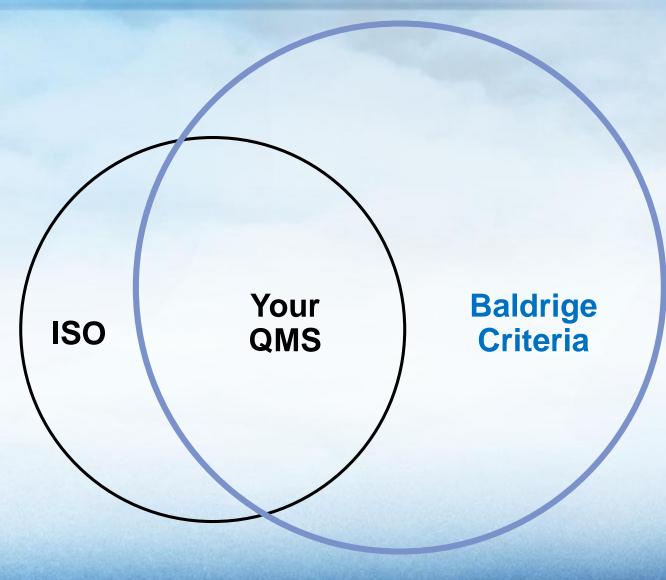
- Juran -
 - Trilogy (Planning, Control, Improvement)
 - Mgt Resp: Guide Quality, Set Goals, Provide Resources,
 Provide Training, Recognize & Reward, Periodic Reviews
- Deming
 - 14 Points, Chain Reaction
- Crosby -
 - Measure Q by \$\$\$, Quality is Free
- Feigenbaum -
 - TQM Concept, Start w/ Customer Requirements



Total Quality Management

- Systematic, Integrated, Organizational way-of-life
- Every operation/function in an organization
- Quality during vs. after production
- Not a program an organizational transformation...
- Roles
 - Upper Management
 - Empowering the workforce
 - Cumulative skills & expertise
 - Teams / Committees

Quality Management System

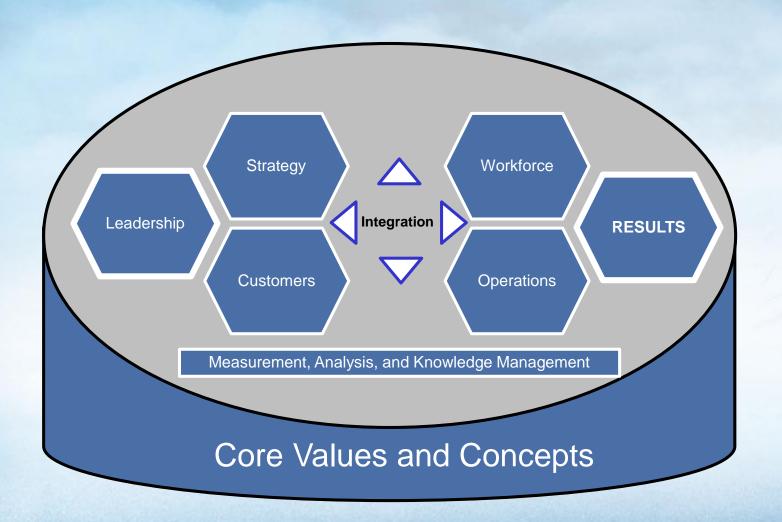


Baldrige has criteria specific to Education & Government

MBNQA for Performance Excellence

- MBNQA Criteria Focus on Business Results
 - Product and service outcomes
 - Customer-focused results
 - Financial & market results
 - Human resource results
 - Organizational effectiveness results
 - Leadership & social responsibility results

Malcom Baldrige Model





Baldrige... A Focus on Core Values

- Systems Perspective
- Visionary Leadership
- Customer-Focused
 Excellence
- Valuing People
- Organizational Learning and Agility

- Focus on Success
- Managing for Innovation
- Management by Fact
- Societal Responsibility
- Ethics and Transparency
- Delivering Value and Results

Assessment of a QMS

Evaluation By:

- Approach: How do you accomplish the work of the organization? How systemic are the key processes you use?
- Deployment: How consistently are your key processes used throughout your organization?
- Learning: Have you evaluated and improved your key processes? Have improvements been shared within your organization?
- Integration: How do your processes address your current and future organization needs?

1. Leadership

- How do your senior leaders lead the organization?
- How do you govern your organization and fulfill your societal responsibilities?

2. Strategy

- How do you develop your strategy?
- How do you implement your strategy?

3. Customers

- How do you obtain information from your customers?
- How do you engage customers by serving their needs and building relationships?

4. Measurement, Analysis, and Knowledge Management

- How do you measure, analyze and then improve organizational performance?
- How do you manage your organizational knowledge assets, information, and information technology infrastructure?

5. Workforce

- How do you build an effective and supportive workforce environment?
- How do you engage your workforce to achieve a highperformance work environment?

6. Operations

- How do you design, manage, and improve your key products/services and work processes?
- How do you ensure effective management of your operations (includes supply chain performance)?

7. Results

- What are your product/service performance and process effectiveness?
- What are your customer-focused performance results?
- What are your workforce-focused performance results?
- What are your senior leadership and governance results?
- What are your financial and marketplace performance results?

NOTE: Services can include Education, Government, Healthcare as well as those considered as typical consumer services.

Quality System Effectiveness

- Management Reviews
 - Performance opportunities
 - Improvement opportunities
- Management Review Agenda
 - External Complaints
 - Internal & External Audits
 - Surveys & Feedback
 - Preventive Action
 - Corrective Action

QSM Value $\rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow$ Predictability

	Quality	Product	Out of Box	Scrap
			Reliability	Rework, repair, re-do
			W arranty	Return, replace
		Service	Error Free	Do-again?
			Satisfaction	Compaints?
]	Timely	M eet expectations
			Complete	M eet expectations
	Delivery	On Time	As committed	
		Complete	Full order	-
		Condition	Damage?	_
Predictability			Spoilage?	_
Meet Business Plan		•		-
Meet Customer Needs				
Meet Financial Plan	Service	Error Free	Do-again?	-
		Satisfaction	Compaints?	-
		Timely	M eet expectations	
		Complete	M eet expectations	_
		No Rework	Do-again?	-
	Cost	Sales Targets		
		Cost Targets	M aterials	_
			Labor	_
			Overhead	_
			Transport	_
	Design	Market Needs	Features	
			Price Point	•
		1	Profitable	_
]	Timing	-
		Innovation	Ongoing	_
		Processes	Efficient	_
	,		Improvements?	

Prevent the Re's:

- Repair
- Rework
- Return
- Re-do
- Retype
- Refund
- Resend
- Replace
- Reschedule

Alignment within the Organization

DESCRIPTOR	PROCESS	RESULTS
Reactive Strategic and Operational Goals	 Operations are characterized by activities rather than by processes, and they are largely responsive to immediate needs or problems. Goals are poorly defined. 	 Results that are important to the organization's ongoing success are missing, not used, or randomly reported.
Early Strategic and Operational Goals	 The organization is beginning to carry out operations with repeatable processes, evaluation, and improvement, and there is some early coordination among organizational units. Strategy and quantitative goals are being defined. 	 Results that are important to the organization's ongoing success are reported, tracked over time, and improving,
Mature Strategic and Operational Goals	 Operations are characterized by repeatable processes that are regularly evaluated for improvement. Learnings are shared, and there is coordination among organizational units. Processes address key strategies and goals. 	 Results that are important to the organization's ongoing success are trending in the right direction and doing well relative to competitors or other relevant organizations.
Role Model Strategic and Operational Goals	 Operations are characterized by repeatable processes that are regularly evaluated for change and improvement in collaboration with other affected units. The organization seeks and achieves efficiencies across units through analysis, innovation, and the sharing of information and knowledge. Processes and measures track progress on key strategic and operational goals. 	 The full array of results that are important to the organization's ongoing success are reported and trended over time, indicating top performance relative to other organizations.



